

CONSIDERATION OF THE BOARD'S GUIDELINES ON THE SETTING OF REMUNERATION FOR VEIDEKKE ASA EXECUTIVES

These guidelines on the setting of remuneration for the CEO and senior executives have been prepared by the board of directors of Veidekke ASA (“**Veidekke**”, the “**Company**” or, collectively with its subsidiaries, the “**Group**”), pursuant to section 6-16a of the Public Limited Liability Companies Act and related regulations. The guidelines have been prepared for approval at the Company’s general meeting in 2026.

Development of the guidelines

The board has been actively involved in establishing, reviewing and implementing these guidelines. The board has appointed a remuneration committee which has prepared the remuneration principles and other terms applicable to senior executives for consideration by the board.

The board is required to prepare draft guidelines based on the remuneration committee’s recommendation and present these to an ordinary general meeting at least every four years. The general meeting decides whether to approve the board’s proposed guidelines. Approved guidelines can be amended by decision of an ordinary or extraordinary general meeting.

The board is also required to set and approve the remuneration of the Group CEO in consultation with the remuneration committee. The Group CEO is required to set the remuneration of other senior executives in consultation with the board or the remuneration committee.

To reduce the risk of conflicts of interest, no senior executives may participate in decisions on remuneration matters which affect them directly.

Purpose and general principles for the setting of remuneration

These guidelines provide the framework for the board’s setting of remuneration for senior executives during the validity period of the guidelines. Veidekke is a leading Scandinavian construction company and therefore competes for relevant talented individuals throughout the region. While the purpose of these guidelines is to safeguard the Company’s competitiveness as an employer, the Company does not wish to be a wage leader.

Veidekke’s remuneration principles are designed to secure responsible and sustainable remuneration decisions in line with the Company’s business strategy, long-term interests and financial capacity. To achieve this, both remuneration and other employment conditions must enable the Company to recruit, develop and retain skilled senior executives with relevant experience and expertise. Remuneration must be competitive, on market terms, and reflect the responsibilities of each individual senior executive. The incentives and objectives set for individual senior executives must ensure optimal execution of the Company’s business strategy in both the short and long term, thus reflecting the long-term interests of the Company’s shareholders.

In these guidelines, “senior executives” means the Group CEO (who is also the general manager of the group parent, Veidekke ASA) and the management group, i.e. persons (executive vice presidents) who are members of the Company’s management group (group management) and who report directly to the Group CEO. In other words, the guidelines apply to the same group of persons as covered by section 7-31b of the Accounting Act.

In the preparation of these guidelines, the pay and employment conditions of employees of the Company have been considered by incorporating information on the total income of employees, the types of remuneration and other pay elements into the decision-making bases used by the remuneration committee and the board when assessing whether the Company’s remuneration practices – including these guidelines and the restrictions they contain – are reasonable.

The remuneration of senior executives must be adapted to both local conditions and rules and regulations applicable in each employee’s jurisdiction and, wherever possible, must take into account the overarching purpose of the guidelines.

Different types of remuneration

The remuneration of senior executives covered by these guidelines may include annual salary, variable remuneration, benefits-in-kind, participation in share and option programmes, etc. as further described below.

Principles relating to annual salary

The purpose of the annual salary is to enable the Company to recruit and retain the senior executives it needs to ensure the long-term profitability and sustainability of the Company.

Annual salary shall reflect an individual's position and level of responsibility. The amount of annual salary shall be consistent with market conditions, shall be competitive relative to comparable industry competitors and shall take into account factors such as the scope of and responsibilities associated with the position. Other factors include individual expertise, experience and work performance. Geographical location may also be considered.

Principles relating to variable remuneration

Annual bonus programme

To provide competitive terms and ensure a performance focus, the Group CEO may participate in a bonus programme offering a maximum bonus of 60% of annual salary. Other members of group management may participate in a bonus programme offering a maximum bonus of 50% of individual annual salary.

The Group CEO's bonus is calculated based on achieved group pre-tax profit and operational targets. The bonus programme incentivises higher profitability.

For members of group management, the bonus is calculated based on achieved targets, with 1/3 of the bonus being based on each of the following factors: the Group's pre-tax profit, profits in the relevant business area and operational targets. In the case of administrative managers, the factors "operational profits" and "operational targets" are based on an average for the different operations.

For both the Group CEO and other members of group management, specific operational targets are set annually based on the Group's overarching targets and priorities. These operational targets will typically incorporate factors such as the absence of injuries, reductions in sick leave rates, increases in the proportion of women operational managers, cash flow, greenhouse gas emissions cuts and similar parameters.

In special cases, the Group CEO may – in consultation with the remuneration committee and on an individual basis – consider awarding an individual or discretionary bonus subject to the overall bonus cap of 50% of annual salary. Regardless of the assessment outcome linked to other parameters, a bonus payment may be reduced in the event of an undesirable increase in injuries, accidents or other serious incidents.

The decision as to whether the performance criteria governing variable remuneration are met is made by the Company at the end of the relevant performance-criteria assessment period. Variable remuneration must be evaluated and documented annually.

The board considers that bonuses for senior executives and others as described above have a motivating effect and therefore make a helpful contribution to achievement of the Company's business strategy, long-term interests and sustainable commercial operation.

The Company's policy is to seek to secure a basis for claiming repayment of variable remuneration to the same extent as the Company can claim repayment of annual salary upon cessation of an employment relationship. This typically applies in the event of incorrect payment, payment on grounds subsequently found to be incorrect, or breach of the employment contract.

Long-term bonus programme

Group management, including the Group CEO, may participate in a long-term bonus programme providing a maximum annual bonus of 25% and 20%, respectively, of individual annual salary. The programme's purpose is to encourage senior executives to increase their shareholdings to ensure that their company-development and value-creation incentives are aligned with those of shareholders.

The performance criterion related to group profits (EBT) is calculated as a two-year average. The bonus payable at the end of the two-year period takes the form of 70% shares and 30% cash, for both group management and the Group CEO. The shares are subject to a three-year lock-in period.

Principles relating to pension benefits

Pension benefits must be consistent with local practice and applicable legislation. Any material deviation from local pensions practice requires special approval by the remuneration committee.

In Norway, Veidekke operates the following pension schemes:

- Ordinary pension schemes
- Contractual early retirement pensions
- Pensions for employees whose annual salary exceeds 12G (G = the national insurance basic amount)

The defined-contribution scheme involves Veidekke paying a monthly contribution into employee pension accounts. The contribution is set on the basis of pay, and currently normally lies between 5.5% and 11%. However, it may not exceed 15%. Employees may choose their own risk profile with respect to management of their pension account. In the event of an employee's death, the pension account accrues to the employee's survivors.

A private-sector contractual early retirement pension (AFP) is a lifelong supplement to the retirement pension paid by the Norwegian national insurance scheme, payable no earlier than the age of 62. Veidekke's Norwegian group companies operate an AFP scheme for their staff. A number of conditions must be fulfilled in order for an employee to be entitled to an AFP. The AFP scheme is a defined-benefit multi-undertaking pension scheme, and is financed by premiums set as a percentage of pay. At present, no reliable measurement and allocation of liabilities and funds in the scheme is available. For accounting purposes, the scheme is treated as a defined-contribution pension scheme where premium payments are expensed on an ongoing basis and no allocations are made in the accounts. If the scheme were to be recognised in the statement of financial position, the implementation effect would be material.

Veidekke operates an allocation scheme for staff in Norway earning more than 12G, whereby 20% of pay exceeding 12G is set aside. The pension is payable no earlier than the age of 62, and for a maximum of 15 years from the first payment date. The allocation scheme also includes disability and child pensions. The scheme has been discontinued as of 1 April 2023, and is only applicable to participants who fulfilled the requirements on that date. No new participants will be admitted after this date. Members who already have pension rights under the scheme remain unaffected.

In Denmark and Sweden, Veidekke operates defined-contribution schemes for its staff, with the companies making monthly contributions to the schemes while staff bear the risk of returns on paid-in funds. Pension monies are invested through life insurance companies which manage the funds and administer the schemes. The pension schemes cover disability and retirement.

In Denmark, Veidekke pays 2/3 of contributions, while staff pay 1/3. The employer's contribution amounts to between 8% and 10% of pay. The retirement age in Denmark is between 65 and 69 years of age, depending on the year of birth. Going forward, the retirement age will be adjusted based on average population life expectancy. The rules on payment of retirement pensions are very flexible. In the event of death before the retirement date, the pension accrues to the deceased's survivors. Managers in the Danish operation are members of a corresponding defined-contribution scheme, although under this scheme the employer's contribution totals 10% of pay.

In Sweden, Veidekke operates a collective pension scheme under which most employees are members of a defined-contribution scheme. The pension scheme covers retirement, illness, family members and credit life insurance. Administrative staff are members of two different schemes, where ITP1 applies to persons born after 1979 and ITP2 applies to persons born before 1979. In the case of the two most senior management levels in Sweden, Veidekke pays a percentage of pay, which may not exceed a market level. Employees who are members of the schemes do not pay a personal contribution. In the accounts, the schemes are recorded as defined-contribution schemes. Employees enjoy great pension flexibility, and may choose where their pension funds should be invested and with which insurance company. The retirement age is 65, extendable to 67 if the employee so wishes.

Employee share purchase programme

Veidekke operates a share purchase programme in which senior executives may participate on the same basis as other employees. Shares purchased through the programme carry a discount of up to 25% and are subject to a two-year lock-in period. Shares may be purchased once a year, and are paid for in cash or through deductions from pay over a period of 12 months. The programme utilises applicable and available tax schemes. The programme ensures co-ownership, which in Veidekke's view supports its business strategy by fostering ownership and loyalty to group objectives and priorities. The number of shares offered to individual employees is capped at a maximum value of 2G per year.

Share purchase programme for senior executives and other selected managers at Veidekke

Veidekke operates a share purchase programme for senior executives and other selected managers. The programme allows these employees to purchase shares at a discount of up to 25% once a year. The shares are subject to a three-year lock-in period. Veidekke provides financing. The number of shares and the financing arrangements on offer vary by organisational level, with a larger number of shares and more extensive financing being offered at the most senior levels. The number of shares offered to individual employees is capped and ranges from a maximum of 1,500 shares at the lowest level to a maximum of 5,000 shares per year at the highest levels. Maximum loans range from NOK 0.5 million to NOK 1 million. Loans carry a market interest rate which may be adjusted in line with general interest-rate levels. Loans are granted for up to 15 years. The share purchase programme represents a long-term incentive component in Veidekke's overall remuneration package for senior executives.

Option programme for senior executives and other selected managers at Veidekke

Veidekke operated an option programme for senior executives and other selected managers in the period 2019–2021. The option programme provided for an allocation of options corresponding to 1% of the shares in Veidekke on the allocation date. The purchase price of an option on the allocation date was NOK 1. The strike price equals the quoted price on the allocation date. To provide long-term incentives, options accrue over a period of three years: 25% at the end of the first year, 25% at the end of the second year and 50% at the end of the third year. Accrued options may be exercised during defined time periods decided by Veidekke. Option accrual is dependent on employment by Veidekke. Shares purchased through the option programme may not be sold for one year after the option exercise date. Options must be exercised within five years of the allocation date. Options which are not exercised by the final day of the exercise period lapse without compensation. Options may be exercised up to and including 2026.

Principles governing benefits-in-kind

All benefits-in-kind must reflect market terms and must serve the purpose of enabling senior executives to perform their work tasks. Veidekke aims to offer pay that is sufficiently competitive to eliminate unnecessary use of benefits-in-kind. Veidekke may also provide a company car and/or pay a mileage allowance to senior executives as needed. All significant benefits-in-kind paid to senior executives in addition what is offered to all group employees are subject to assessment and approval by the remuneration committee.

Employment contracts

Veidekke's general practice is to apply a notice period of six months to senior executives. No notice period may exceed 12 months in length.

Severance pay arrangements may not exceed 12 months in length, and must always be linked to confidentiality and non-compete clauses in the employment contract so that the severance pay constitutes compensation for restrictions on the employee's ability to take up new employment.

Deviation from these guidelines

The board of directors may decide to deviate from these guidelines, in whole or in part, if special circumstances in an individual case indicate that such deviation is necessary and deviating from the guidelines serves Veidekke's long-term interests, including with respect to sustainability or viability.

When assessing whether to deviate from these guidelines, the board shall be free to exercise its discretion and consider all relevant factors, including:

- changes in relevant laws, regulations or recommendations on corporate governance, etc.;
- changes in Veidekke's operations, organisation or ownership, for example following a merger, demerger or acquisition;
- replacement of the Group CEO;
- other events that render previously adopted performance targets or remuneration terms inexpedient; and
- other special circumstances in which deviations or special measures may be necessary to safeguard Veidekke's long-term interests, sustainability or viability.

Any deviation from these guidelines, and the reasons for it, must be included in the report to be prepared by the board pursuant to section 6-16b of the Public Limited Liability Companies Act.

Material changes to the guidelines

Compared to the version of the guidelines adopted in 2025, the following changes have been made to the guidelines in relation to variable remuneration:

- The CEO's annual bonus programme incentivises higher profitability.
- The long-term bonus programme may award group management, including the Group CEO, a maximum of 25% of annual salary.
 - The performance criterion is linked to group profits (EBT), calculated as an average over the two preceding years.
 - The bonus is paid in shares (70%) and cash (30%), with the shares being subject to a three-year lock-in period.